

New Hampshire Track Officials Association

# Vertical Jumps: High Jump and Pole Vault

### Officiating Vertical Jumps

#### Before the Competition

- Inspect pits, standards, crossbars, runways, (poles)
- Confirm what help, if any, you will have
  - Review responsibilities with helpers
  - Stress SAFETY
- Inform the athletes what may be used for check marks
  - Games Committee (host school) determines what type of material can be used
    - No check marks on the pole vault runway
- When checking in athletes, record their opening height
- Meet with competitors and communicate information about running the event (don't assume all athletes know the rules)
  - Explain 5-alive if being used

### Officiating Vertical Jumps

#### Breaking Ties in the High Jump and Pole Vault

- 1st Criteria
  - The competitor with the lowest number of trials for the height at which the tie occurs is awarded the higher place
- 2nd Criteria (if tie remains after 1st criteria)
  - The competitor with the fewest total misses throughout the competition including the last height cleared is awarded the higher place
- 3rd Criteria (if ties still remains after 1st and 2nd criteria)
  - If the tie is for other than 1st place, athletes will be awarded a tie and points are divided equally
  - If it is a tie for 1st place, then a "jump-off" must be held

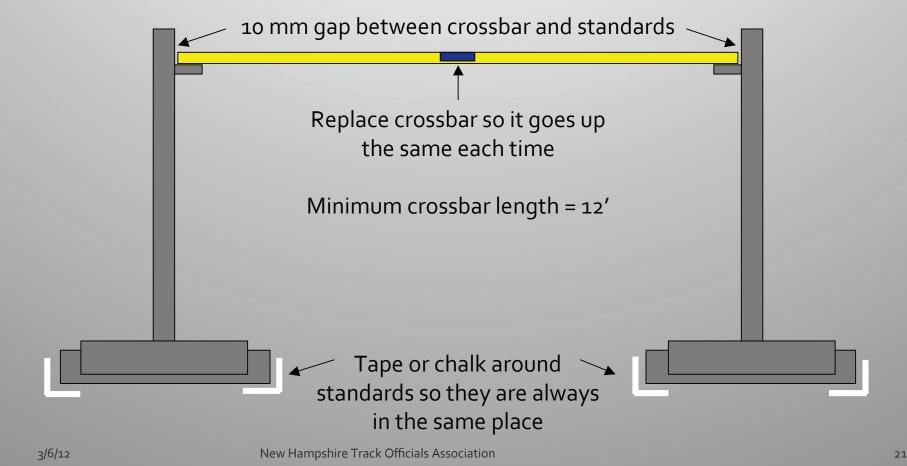
There should NEVER be a tie for 1st place in the HJ and PV

### Officiating Vertical Jumps

#### Breaking a Tie for 1st Place

- If a tie for 1st place remains after the first two criteria, a jump-off must be held
  - Tying competitors will have one more attempt at the last height failed
  - If they both fail, the bar is LOWERED 1" in the high jump and 3" in the pole vault
    - Each competitor is given one attempt
      - If both make it, the bar is raised 1" in HJ, 3" in PV
      - If both fail, the bar is lowered again by 1" in HJ, 3" in PV
  - The bar continues to be raised, or lowered until a winner is determined
  - The winning competitor is awarded the highest height made during the competition, including the tie-breaker

### High Jump Set-Up



### Safety

- All hard surfaces must be padded with at least 2" of dense foam
- Landing pad must be a minimum of 16' wide x 8' deep, with a common cover
- Games Committee (host school) determines material for check marks

#### **During the Competition**

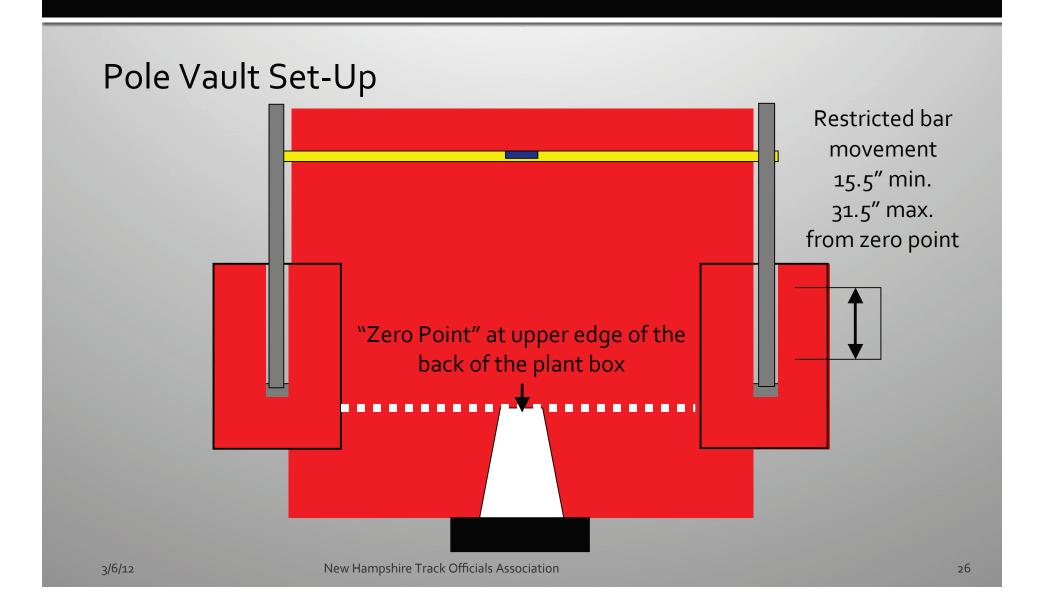
- Measure the bar height each time the bar is raised
  - Measurement is at the lowest point on the upper side of the crossbar
- Unsuccessful attempts:
  - Displacing the crossbar
  - Touching the ground or landing area beyond the plane of the crossbar
  - Steadying the crossbar with hands after attempt
  - Failure to initiate trial to completion within time limit

#### During the Competition (continued)

 When there is only one competitor remaining, and he/she has been declared the winner, he/she may determine the successive heights of the bar

#### After the Competition

- Close the event area—no more practicing
- Confirm results are accurate
  - Make sure tie-breaking procedures have been used if needed
- Hand in results to appropriate personnel
- Return any equipment (tapes, clipboards, cones, etc)



### Safety

- All hard surfaces must be padded with at least 2" of dense foam
- Standards should be secured so they don't tip over
- Landing pad must be a minimum of 19'8" wide x 20'2"deep, with a common cover
- Games Committee (host school) determines material for check marks
- No training poles or underweight poles
- Bungees may be used during warm-up if approved by the Games Committee

#### **During the Competition**

- Unsuccessful attempts:
  - Displacing the crossbar
  - Touching the ground or landing area beyond the plane of the crossbar with any part of the body or pole
  - Leaves the ground in an attempt and fails to clear the bar
    - EXCEPTION: the competitor aborts the approach and in stopping plants the pole and momentum causes the feet to come off the ground
  - Steadying the crossbar with hands after attempt
  - Touches or catches the pole preventing it from dislodging the crossbar
  - Failure to initiate trial to completion within time limit

#### During the Competition (continued)

- When there is only one competitor remaining, and he/she has been declared the winner, he/she may determine the successive heights of the bar
- If an athlete has passed 3 consecutive heights, he/she is allowed 2 minutes of warm-up without the bar
  - Warm-up takes place between height change

#### After the Competition

- Close the event area—no more practicing
- Confirm results are accurate
  - Make sure tie-breaking procedures have been used if needed
- Hand in results to appropriate personnel
- Return any equipment (tapes, clipboards, cones, etc)